

October 24, 2024

The Honorable Tom Cole Chairman Committee on Appropriations United States House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Patty Murray Chair Committee on Appropriations United States Senate Washington, DC 20510 The Honorable Rosa DeLauro
Ranking Member
Committee on Appropriations
United States House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Susan Collins Vice Chair Committee on Appropriations United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Subject: Final HIV Community Funding Requests for FY2025 Domestic HIV Programs

Dear Chairman Cole, Ranking Member DeLauro, Chair Murray, and Vice Chair Collins:

We, the undersigned 120 organizations of the AIDS Budget and Appropriations Coalition (ABAC), a workgroup of the Federal AIDS Policy Partnership (FAPP), write to stress the importance of maintaining and increasing funding for domestic HIV, hepatitis, STI, TB, and related programs in the final FY 2025 appropriations. While ABAC continues to advocate for our original FY 2025 funding requests, we urgently ask that you reject the House's proposed \$712 million cuts to domestic HIV programs and support, at minimum, the levels mainly proposed by the Senate to sustain these essential programs.

We believe we have the tools, science, and bipartisan support needed to end the HIV epidemic by 2030. A syndemic approach is crucial, as the risk factors tied to hepatitis, STIs, TB, and drug use are interconnected. Cutting funding will not only halt progress but could reverse gains made over the past decade.

For a chart outlining proposed funding levels and ABAC's original FY 2025 requests, please visit: http://federalaidspolicy.org/fy-abac-chart/. You can also refer to our previous letter to Congress, signed by 121 organizations: https://federalaidspolicy.org/abac-documents-fy2025/

Ending the HIV Epidemic Initiative

The *Ending the HIV Epidemic Initiative* (EHE) was announced by then-President Trump as part of his 2019 State of the Union Address, where he said that the EHE would "eradicate AIDS in America once and for all." Over the past four fiscal years, Congress has provided resources to 57 jurisdictions across the U.S. where the majority of new HIV infections occur. EHE has seen early successes despite challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. Federal EHE funding has:

- Provided 66,000 people with PrEP in 411 centers through HRSA Health Center EHE funding in 2023:
- Conducted 2.45 million HIV tests through HRSA Health Center EHE funding in 2023;
- Brought 22,001 people living with HIV into care and re-engaged 19,204 others in care through Ryan White EHE funding in 2022 (nearly double the number of new or re-engaged clients in 2020);
- Conducted 483 EHE-funded trainings in the Ryan White Part F AIDS Education and Training Center in one year;
- Provided over 61,000 people with pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) through CDC EHE funding in 2021-23;
- Conducted over 1 million HIV tests, distributed over 600,000 at-home HIV self-tests, and diagnosed 4,600 people through CDC EHE funding in 2021-23.

Importantly, since 2017 there was a 21% decrease in new HIV infections in the 57 priority EHE jurisdictions. This is compared to an only 6% decrease in new HIV infections during that same time period in non-EHE jurisdictions.

While current funding levels fall short of what is needed, we urge Congress to fund the EHE Initiative at the following levels:

- \$220 million for the CDC Division of HIV Prevention for testing, care linkage, and PrEP services;
- \$165 million for HRSA Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program for comprehensive treatment;
- \$157.3 million for HRSA Community Health Centers to expand PrEP access;
- \$5 million for the Indian Health Service to address HIV and hepatitis C in Native populations;
- \$26 million for NIH Centers for AIDS Research for research on prevention and treatment strategies.

The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program

The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program remains a critical safety net, serving over half of people living with HIV in the U.S. Despite its expanding caseload, funding has barely increased in the past decade. The program helps to ensure more equitable access to life-saving health care for some of the most underserved populations and communities in our nation, including the growing population of people aging with HIV. We ask Congress to fund the Ryan White Program at least at the Senate's proposed \$2.571 billion and reject the House proposal to eliminate all EHE funding and the Special Programs of National Significance, ensuring equitable access to life-saving care, especially in states without Medicaid expansion.

We urge Congress to fund the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program at least at the following levels:

• Part A: \$680.8 million

• Part B (Care): \$464.6 million

• Part B (ADAP): \$900.3 million

• Part C: \$209.0 million

• Part D: \$77.9 million

• Part F/AETC: \$34.9 million

• Part F/Dental: \$13.6 million

• Part F/SPNS: \$25.0 million

• EHE Initiative: \$165.0 million

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

We urge Congress to fund the CDC's National Center for HIV, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention at least at \$1.394 billion as proposed mainly by the Senate. The tools available to prevent HIV have never been stronger, yet there must be enough funding available to get those tools to the communities most impacted by HIV, including the equitable expansion of PrEP. As progress is being made to prevent new HIV infections, rates

of viral hepatitis, STIs, and TB remain alarmingly high. The National Center's work is vital in preventing the spread of these infectious diseases, especially among populations most impacted.

We urge Congress to fund the National Center for HIV, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention *at least* at the following levels, which were mainly proposed by the Senate:

- \$1.014 billion for the Division of HIV Prevention, with \$755.6 million for HIV prevention, \$38.1 million for the Division of Adolescent and School Health, and \$220.0 million for EHE Initiative Activities;
- \$53.0 million for the Division of Viral Hepatitis; [Note: In this instance, the House level is higher than the Senate and we urge conferees to support this higher number.]
- \$176.3 million for STD prevention; and reject the House proposed cut of \$10 million.
- \$138.0 million for TB elimination; and,
- **\$29.1** million for Infectious Diseases and Opioid Epidemic programs. [Note: In this instance, the House level is higher than the Senate and we urge conferees to support this higher number.]

We also urge the Committee to remove the ban on the use of federal funding for the purchase of sterile syringes, as proposed by both chambers. This funding ban negatively impacts the ability of state and local public health groups to expand Syringe Service Programs (SSPs), which are a key tool in combating infectious diseases and overdose deaths, as well as connecting people to substance use treatment, HIV and hepatitis testing, and other supportive services.

Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)

Housing is the number one unmet need for people living with HIV and 2 out of 5 PLWHA who need housing assistance do not receive it. HOPWA is a highly effective housing program, providing housing to 50,000 households and supportive services to over 100,000 individuals. However, there is only enough HOPWA funding to house PLWHA who need housing for 1.24 months, per person, per year.

We urge Congress to fund HOPWA at least at \$524 million, an increase of \$19 million, as proposed by the Senate.

Minority HIV/AIDS Initiative (MAI)

Racial and ethnic minorities in the U.S. are disproportionately impacted by HIV/AIDS. Our coalition believes that the end of the HIV epidemic will rely on breaking down racist barriers to accessing healthcare. The Minority AIDS Initiative is an important tool that works to improve HIV-related health outcomes for racial and ethnic minorities and reduce HIV-related health disparities. The Minority HIV/AIDS Fund supports cross-agency demonstration initiatives to support HIV prevention, care and treatment, and outreach and education activities across the federal government. MAI programs at the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Administration target specific populations and provide prevention, treatment, and recovery support services, along with HIV testing and linkage service when appropriate, for people at risk of mental illness and/or substance abuse.

We urge Congress to fund the Minority HIV/AIDS Fund at least at \$60 million, and SAMHSA's MAI program at least at \$119.3 million, as proposed by the Senate, and reject the House proposed cut of \$15 million for MHAF and the total elimination of the SAMHSA's MAI program.

HIV/AIDS Research

We urge you to fund the National Institutes of Health's HIV/AIDS research work at least at the FY2024 level of \$3.294 billion. This research has been critical in developing innovative and effective tools for combating HIV, as well as furthering research to find a vaccine or cure for HIV. Additionally, advances in basic medicine

funded through HIV research at NIH have led to new vaccines, treatments, and medication for many other diseases such as cancer, Alzheimer's, kidney disease, tuberculosis, and now COVID-19.

We urge Congress to fund the HIV/AIDS research at the NIH at least at the FY2024 level of \$3.294 billion in FY 2025.

Sexual Health Programs

We also urge you to protect funding for the Title X family planning program, which provides critical HIV and STI testing and counseling for millions of low-income people, especially people of color, as well as the Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program, which provides evidence-informed or evidence-based information to prevent unintended pregnancies, HIV, and other STDs.

We urge Congress to fund Title X at least at \$286.5 million and the Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program at least at \$101 million, as proposed by the Senate. We also urge Congress to eliminate funding for ineffective and wasteful abstinence-only programs in FY 2025.

We recognize that the Fiscal Responsibility Act has set discretionary spending caps, and we appreciate the Senate's effort to maintain level funding while adhering to these constraints. The proposed House cuts would significantly harm HIV programs, and we urge you to adopt a final FY 2025 appropriations bill that mirrors the Senate's overall recommendations.

Additionally, we urge you to work diligently to finalize FY 2025 appropriations before the end of the 118th Congress. Fiscal Year 2024 appropriations were not signed into law until almost halfway through the fiscal year. Constantly delaying finalization of appropriations bills puts an enormous burden on health departments, community-based organizations, and others working to end HIV who receive funding through federal sources. Programs like these need more certainty about when and how much money will be available for their programs so that they can plan accordingly and ensure that there is enough time to get the money into communities. While the beginning of FY 2025 has already begun, we hope that you can work in a bipartisan manner to ensure that final appropriations bills are signed into law before the end of the year so that public health programming is not impacted by Congress's inability to pass appropriations bills.

We thank you for your continued leadership in ending the HIV epidemic. Should you have any questions, please contact the ABAC co-chairs Nick Armstrong at narmstrong@taimail.org, Drew Gibson at dgibson@aidsunited.org, Emily Schreiber at eschreiber@nastad.org, or Carl Schmid at cschmid@hivhep.org.

Sincerely,

ACR Health (NY)

Act Now End AIDS (ANEA) Coalition (SC)

ADAP Advocacy (NC)

Advocacy House Services, Inc. (NC)

Advocates for Youth (DC)

Agape Missions, NFP (IL)

AIDS Action Baltimore (MD)

AIDS Alabama (AL)

AIDS Alabama South (AL)

AIDS Alliance for Women, Infants, Children, Youth

& Families (DC)

AIDS Foundation Chicago (IL)

AIDS Treatment Activists Coalition (NY)

AIDS United (DC)

Alliance Care 360 (IL)

Alliance for Positive Change (NY)

| Aliveness Project (MN) | Fast-Track Cities Institute (DC) |
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| American Academy of HIV Medicine (DC) | Fatty Liver Foundation (ID) |
| American Psychological Association (DC) | Five Horizons Health Services (AL) |
| American Sexual Health Association (NC) | Food for Thought (CA) |
| Amida Care (NY) | Georgia AIDS Coalition (GA) |
| APLA Health (CA) | Georgia Equality (GA) |
| Appalachian Learning Initiative Inc. (WV) | Harlem United (NY) |
| Argus Community, Inc. (NY) | HealthHIV (DC) |
| Arianna's Center (FL, PR) | Heartland Alliance Health (IL) |
| Association of Nurses in AIDS Care (OH) | HEP (WA) |
| AVAC (NY) | HIV + Hepatitis Policy Institute (DC) |
| BLACHE: Black Leadership Advocacy Coalition for | HIV AIDS Alliance of Michigan (MI) |
| Healthcare Equity (IL) | HIV Dental Alliance (GA) |
| Black AIDS Institute (GA) | HIV Medicine Association (VA) |
| BOOM!Health (NY) | Hope and Help Center of Central Florida, Inc. (FL) |
| CAEAR Coalition (DC) | Hope House of St. Croix Valley (MN) |
| CARES of Southwest Michigan (MI) | Housing Works (NY) |
| Cascade AIDS Project (OR) | Howard Brown Health (IL) |
| CenterLink: The Community of LGBT Centers (FL) | Human Rights Campaign (DC) |
| Chicago House and Social Service Agency (IL) | Hyacinth Foundation (NJ) |
| Colorado Organizations and Individuals Responding to HIV/AIDS (CORA) (CO) | iHealth (NY) |
| Community Access National Network (LA) | In Our Own Voice: National Black Women's Reproductive Justice Agenda (DC) |
| Community Liver Alliance (PA) | Indiana Recovery Alliance (IN) International Association of Providers of AIDS Care (DC) |
| Community Resource Initiative (MA) | |
| Drug Policy Alliance (NY) | |
| Elizabeth Glaser Pediatric AIDS Foundation (DC) | Korean Community Services of Metropolitan New |
| Equality California (CA) | York (NY) |
| Equitas Health (OH) | Lansing Area AIDS Network (MI) |
| | Latino Commission on AIDS (NY) |

| Land Council for Hackle (II) | CACE (AIV) |
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| Legal Council for Health (IL) | SAGE (NY) |
| Life Is Work (IL) | San Francisco AIDS Foundation (CA) |
| Medical Students for Choice (PA) | San Francisco Community Health Center (CA) |
| Michael Reese Care Program (IL) | Sero Project (IA) |
| NASTAD (DC) | SIECUS: Sex Ed for Social Change (DC) |
| National Association of County and City Health Officials (DC) | Silver State Equality (NV) |
| | SisterLove, Inc. (GA) |
| National Black Gay Men's Advocacy Coalition (DC) | Southwest Center for HIV/AIDS (AZ) |
| National Black Women's HIV/AIDS Network (SC) | Southwest Recovery Alliance (AZ) |
| National Coalition of STD Directors (DC) | TaskForce Prevention & Community Services (IL) |
| National Family Planning & Reproductive Health Association (DC) | The AIDS Institute (DC) |
| National HIV/AIDS Housing Coalition (DC) | The Project of the Quad Cities (IL) |
| National Tuberculosis Coalition of America (GA) | The Puerto Rican Cultural Center Public Health Initiatives (IL) |
| National Viral Hepatitis Roundtable (WA) | The Well Project (NY) |
| National Working Positive Coalition (NY) | Thomas Judd Care Center at Munson Medical Center (MI) |
| NMAC (DC) | |
| Open Door Health Center of Illinois (IL) | Thrive Alabama (AL) |
| Plusinc (DC) | Transforming Reentry Services/MWIPM (IL) |
| PrEP4AII (NY) | Treatment Action Group (NY) |
| Project Vida (IL) | UNIFIED- HIV Health and Beyond (MI) |
| Poderosos (TX) | URGE: Unite for Reproductive & Gender Equity (DC) |
| Positive Impact Health Centers (GA) | |
| Positive Women's Network-Ohio (OH) | U.S. People Living with HIV Caucus (DC) |
| Positive Women's Network-USA (CA) | Vivent Health (CO, MO, TX, WI) |
| Proactive Community Services (IL) | Wellness AIDS Services, Inc. (MI) |
| Reproductive Health Access Project (NY) | Woodhull Freedom Foundation (DC) |
| Rural AIDS Action Network (MN) | |
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Ryan White Medical Providers Coalition (DC)